frontiers | Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience

TYPE Correction
PUBLISHED 21 December 2022
DOI 10.3389/fnagi.2022.1112384

OPEN ACCESS

APPROVED BY
Frontiers Editorial Office,
Frontiers Media SA, Switzerland

*CORRESPONDENCE
Xiaoying Tang
✉ xiaoying@bit.edu.cn

SPECIALTY SECTION
This article was submitted to Alzheimer's Disease and Related Dementias, a section of the journal Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience

RECEIVED 30 November 2022
ACCEPTED 01 December 2022
PUBLISHED 21 December 2022

CITATION
Zhang Z, Li G, Song Z, Han Y and Tang X (2022) Corrigendum: Relationship among number of close friends, subclinical geriatric depression, and subjective cognitive decline based on regional homogeneity of functional magnetic resonance imaging data. *Front. Aging Neurosci.* 14:1112384. doi: 10.3389/fnagi.2022.1112384

Corrigendum: Relationship among number of close friends, subclinical geriatric depression, and subjective cognitive decline based on regional homogeneity of functional magnetic resonance imaging data

Zhao Zhang[1], Guangfei Li[1,2], Zeyu Song[1], Ying Han[3] and Xiaoying Tang[1]*

[1]Department of Biomedical Engineering, School of Life Sciences, Beijing Institute of Technology, Beijing, China, [2]Department of Psychiatry, Yale University School of Medicine, New Haven, CT, United States, [3]Department of Neurology, Xuanwu Hospital of Capital Medical University, Beijing, China

KEYWORDS

number of close friends, subjective cognitive decline, regional homogeneity, mediation effect, subclinical geriatric depression

A corrigendum on

Relationship among number of close friends, subclinical geriatric depression, and subjective cognitive decline based on regional homogeneity of functional magnetic resonance imaging data

by Zhang, Z., Li, G., Song, Z., Han, Y., and Tang, X. (2022). Front. Aging Neurosci. 14:978611. doi: 10.3389/fnagi.2022.978611

In the published article, there was an error in the **Funding** statement. The funding details were incorrectly written as "National Natural Science Foundation of China (U20A20388)." The corrected **Funding** statement appears below.

Funding

This study was supported by National Key R&D Program of China (2019YFC0119702).

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

Publisher's note